The college has 2 sessions a day an AM and PM session. When a student is absent for 1 day it will appear as 2 authorised or unathorised absences due to the AM and PM session each day.

We have developed pathways labelled 3-8 based on student's prior attainment (CATs and Scaled Scores).

The number represents the minimum average grade a student should be aiming for across their subjects when they sit their GCSE exams in Year 11.

Working at Grade (WAG) is entered by the subject teacher.
The numbers are based on grades (8-1). A "W" shows they are working towards Grade 1. Subgrades of $-/=/+$ are used to show where on the range the student is currently.

Reading age is calculated once the student has completed a reading assessment.

AtL (Attitude to Learning) see descriptors on report below.

The key shows what the colours represent. A student that is making the required progress towards their final GCSE target will be showing dark blue and / or yellow. Orange shows a subject that needs development (multiple oranges across reports would be a concern within the Spring or Summer reporting, but may be expected in the Autumn). Light blue and purple are only seen in a small \% of students and shows they are excelling and likely to achieve above their GCSE target grade at the end of their 5 years of study if they continue working at their current rate.

| Emerging | Working on the borderline of their expected grade |
| :--- | :--- |
| Below Expected | Currently working below their expected grade |

Attitude to Learning - a summary of (student name) attitude, ability and willingness to learn. Further explanation of each level is shown below.

| 1. | Highly Motivated <br> Learner | Your child is highly motivated to succeed; attends well, is punctual, organised and extremely <br> focussed in lessons. They take responsibility for their own learning; always meet deadlines and <br> go above what is expected when completing independent work. They are a reflective learner <br> who responds positively to feedback and acts on advice in order to make progress. |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 2. | Engaged Learner | Your child is motivated to succeed; attends well, is punctual, organised and focussed in <br> lessons. With instruction and guidance, they complete tasks and meet all deadlines. They act <br> on feedback to make progress and show a desire to improve. |
| 3. | $\underline{\text { Passive Learner }}$Your child is sometimes motivated to succeed and occasionally shows interest towards their <br> learning. Their classwork/homework may be incomplete or lack detail. They listen to teachers <br> and other students, but don't always volunteer answers unless directly asked. They sometimes <br> act on feedback to learn from their mistakes but must ask for help when they don't understand. |  |
| 4. | $\underline{\text { Disengaged }}$ Learner | Your child is rarely motivated to succeed; their progress may be affected by poor attendance, <br> punctuality and lack of equipment. They need to work independently and are easily distracted <br> when learning. They must meet deadlines and hand in homework on time. They must <br> develop resilience; act upon feedback and try to improve their work. |

The closer the score is to ' 1 ' the better the AtL for the student. 1.0 is the highest score possible 4.0 is the lowest score possible.


Due to Art, Drama and Music rotations, only two subjects will be reported on during this term.
If your child has recently started at the college, teachers may not have yet been able to make an assessment.

This allows comparison of your child's average AtL compared to their peers.

In this example, the student is scored 1.2 for AtL. The year group average is 1.4 , therefore the student's AtL is +0.2 better than their year peers, on average.

